JULY 19, 1776. THE NUMBER 77.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

ALWAYS FOR LIBERTY, AND THE PUBLICK GOOD.

High HEAVEN *to* GRACIOUS ENDS *directs the* STORM!

Extract of a letter from his Excellency Major-General LEE, *to the Hon.* EDMUND PENDLETON, *esq; President of the Convention, dated* Charlestown, *June* 29, 1776.

YESTERDAY, about 11 o'clock, the enemy's squadron, consisting of one 50 and one 40 gun ship, and six trigates, came to anchor before fort Sullivan, and began one of the most furious cannonades I ever heard or saw. Their project was apparently, at the same time, to land their troops on the east end of the island. Twice they attempted it, and as often were gallantly repulsed. The ships continued their fire on the fort till 11 at night. The behaviour of the garrison, both men and officers, with col. Moutrie at their head, I confess, astonished me. It was brave to the last degree. I had no idea that so much coolness and intrepidity could be displayed, by a collection of raw recruits, as I was witness of in this garrison. Had we been better supplied with ammunition, it is most probable this squadron would have been utterly destroyed. However, they have no reason to triumph. One of their frigates is now in flames; another lost her boltsprit. The commodore and a 40 gun ship had their mizzens shot away, and are otherwise much damaged. In short, they may be said, in this their first essay on South Carolina, to have been worsted; but, I presume, they will make another attempt.

Our loss is 10 killed and 22 wounded, 7 of whom have lost their legs or arms. The defences of the fort have received no injury; only one gun dismounted. I shall write, when the affair is finished, a more accurate relation to your Convention, and to the Congress. In the mean time, I think it but justice to publish the merits of col. Montrie and his brave garrison. Colonel Thompson, of the South Carolina rangers, acquitted himself most nobly in repulsing the troops who attempted to land at the other end of the island. I know not which corps I have the greatest reason to be pleased with, Muhlenburg's Virginians, or the North Carolina troops; they are both equally alert, zealous, and spirited.

I shall not write to the Congress till the operations of the enemy are brought to something more like a decision. If you, sir, think this short relation of importance sufficient, you will of course transmit it.

The frigate that was on fire is this moment blown up.

LONDON, *March* 29.

AN evening paper of last night says: Out of the provision article of hogs lately sent to Boston, we can assure the publick, that, what from diseases, &c. only *four hogs* were landed, which, after paying every expense, stood government in the very moderate sum of £100l. per hog; the sour crout, from similar circumstances, cost them 700l.---Quere, if an army of 50,000 men, at the distance of 3000 miles, are to be fed at this expense (allowing them to be victorious) is it not paying too dear for such a conquest?

Colonel St. Paul is appointed minister plenipotentiary to the court of France.

Orders are said to be given from the war-office, and also from the victualling-office, to stop all provisions from being put on board the transport ships, and for the soldiers lying at Portsmouth, Chatham, &c. from embarking, and to stop all other proceedings for 20 days.

Yesterday morning four waggons laden with money were sent off from the Bank, under a proper escort, to Portsmouth, for the payment of his majesty's ships and the transports lying there bound to America.

March 30. Previous to the departure of the foreign mercenaries to America, the sums stipulated for their hire and pay are to be advanced by Great Britain. The prince of Waldeck, and several of the German princes who have engaged to furnish troops, are expected in England. These princes have a juster notion of the finances of England than to permit their subjects to embark before they are paid for their hire.

It is astonishing how any man could even dream of sending cavalry to America. Only let us for a moment conceive a dragoon with his bags, his bucket, his boots, his belts, his havresack, his cloak, his cantine, his broadsword, and his carbine, galloping round a tree to catch a rifleman or an Indian! It is a cow catching a hare. The idea is laughable, if the consequences were not serious.

Notwithstanding the pacifick notion of the Spaniards, as we have been hitherto amused with, we are credibly informed they have been a long time both recruiting their infantry and marine; that they have no less than four formidable camps at present forming, the principal of which is not far from the lines of Gibraltar; and that there is in every department, both civil and military, a great alacrity for war.

HOUSE *of* COMMONS, *April* 2. Mr. Hartly, member for Kingston upon Hull, rose a little after 4, and in an introductory speech, which lasted till near 6 o'clock, went through the management of the American war in all the departments of the army and navy, and endeavoured to show that the expense far exceeded what had been stated the House by administration; that the supplies voted would prove inadequate; that the estimates fell short as they had been laid before the House; and that the real charge of the war for the current year remained unprovided for. He therefore moved, that a full and clear account of the total expense for the navy and army should be laid before the House, and he thought it would be found to amount to 12 millions. This is the best information we could collect, and we hope it in substance the meaning of the motion; but the gallery doors, as usual, were locked.

April 13. General Burgoyne carried with him 1200 flat-bottomed boats, all ready framed, to carry his army across the lakes, to penetrate into the back settlements of New England.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, *March* 17.

"Our court seems to have quite given up the proposed attempt of a second expedition against Algiers. All the preparations for that expedition have now another destination, and are said to be intended to watch over our settlements in America; as the war between England and its colonies renders it necessary for all powers, who have any settlements in those parts, to put them in so secure a situation that they may be in no danger of suffering from the above-mentioned disputes."

Extract of a letter from Bristol, *April* 13.

"This morning arrived here the Hibernia, Knethell, from Corke, who sailed from thence the 9th instant, and informs, that the men of war, with upwards of 40 sail of transports under their convoy, sailed the 8th from the Cove; and as the wind blew fresh at N. E. and continued so for many days, it is imagined they must be got quite clear. The Tartar, capt. Russell, and the Friendly Trader, with several volunteers on board, sailed from this place for Corke and America."

April 16. Letters from Stockholm advise, that the great activity shewn in putting the army, fleet, and fortresses, in the best state of defence, causes much talk; which, added to the like activity in the Prussian ports, make some think all things are not right between the two powers. Time, however, will clear up this matter.

Letters from Warsaw advise, that the journey of prince Henry of Prussia to Petersburg is looked upon to relate to the affairs of other nations besides those of Poland.

The Spaniards are augmenting every garrison of the least consequence in the Straits. At Barcelona, an entire new battery is raised of 18 pounders, all brass.

Some new regulations are to be made in the naval departments, for which orders are sent to the commissioners of the several dockyards to attend the admiralty board the 2d of next month.

April 19. Yesterday an express arrived at lord Germain's office from Governour Tryon at New York, which was immediately sent to the king at Buckingham House.

Yesterday private letters were received at Northumberland House from lord Percy at Boston, which were brought by way of New York.

The last French mail brought certain accounts that there was a fleet equipped at Toulon, and ready to put to sea upon three days notice, consisting of 12 ships of the line of battle, 3 frigates, and a bomb.

The two French ships which the Dickenson saw up the river Delaware, with ammunition for Philadelphia, were both under French colours.

Extract of a letter from Gosport, *April* 15.

"Since my last arrived at Spithead ten transports, to take on board the Guards &c. going to America.

"His majesty's ship Garland is put into commission at this port, and the command given to capt. Pearson, and is ordered to fit for America."

NEW YORK, *July* 1.

IN conſequence of an information lately made, that ſundry perſons had entered into a ſolemn agreement to aid and aſſiſt our unnatural enemies in making themſelves maſters of our city, ſeveral of them were apprehended; and on Friday laſt one of thoſe conſpirators, a ſoldier in his excellency general Waſhington's guards, was executed in a field near this city, in the preſence of a multitude of ſpectators.

We hear that four more tranſports with troops, beſides thoſe already mentioned, have been taken, and carried into ſome of our ports to the eaſtward.

On Sunday laſt one of our cruiſers, on the ſouth ſide of Long Iſland, took a large Bermudian built ſloop from Halifax, laden with intrenching tools, &c. bound for this place; in which a number of the Boſton refugees are on board, among whom, it is ſaid, is Robert Auchmuty, eſq; late judge of the admiralty at Boſton, and brother to the rev. doctor Auchmuty, of this city.

It is currently reported, that our cruiſers have taken 13 ſail of tranſports to the eaſtward.

July 4. Laſt Saturday arrived at the Hook (like a ſwarm of locuſts eſcaped from the bottomleſs pit) a fleet ſaid to be 130 ſail of ſhips and veſſels from Halifax, having on board general Howe, &c. ſent out by the tyrants of Great Britain, after deſtroying the Engliſh conſtitution there, on the pious deſign of enſlaving the Britiſh colonies, and plundering their property at pleaſure, or murdering them at once, and taking poſſeſſion of all, as Ahab did of Naboth's vineyard.

On Monday about 1000 of them landed on the weſt end of Long Iſland, but ſoon embarked again; and ſeeing a party of riflemen, ſaid to be about 1000, gave them three huzzas, which they returned with the Indian war whoop. On Tueſday morning ſome of them appeared coming up, and before night about 45 ſail came above the Narrows and anchored at and near the Watering Place, where they fired about 50 cannon ſhot, of which we have not heard the occaſion, and landed many of their men, whom we could plainly ſee exerciſing and parading.

It was apprehended they intended to penetrate into the interiour parts of the iſland, or to ſome of the neighbouring towns; but it does not appear that they have yet attempted it, or done any thing on ſhore, except taking up a little bridge on the cauſeway between the landing and the highlands, at the ferry. We hear general Mercer, with a detachment, was yeſterday deſpatched to watch their motions, and act as occaſion might require.

We are aſſured that major Lamb, capt. Oſwald, and capt. Burr, are priſoners on board this fleet.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 4.

A LETTER from the camp at Sorel, dated June 13th, gives a more favourable account of the loſs we ſuſtained in the attack of the enemy at Three Rivers, and concludes as follows: "Our loſs is inconſiderable as to numbers, but, alas! not ſo as to men, general Thomſon being among the priſoners. Though we had the worſt of it, I hope we have made ſome impreſſion on the minds of our enemies. They allow we behaved well; and it will not tell amiſs that 1200 Americans attacked, under every diſadvantage, 4000 Britiſh troops, obliged them at firſt to give way, and, when beat back, made a retreat of 45 miles with the loſs of about 150 men."

By accounts from Canada, we learn that our army have retreated to Iſle aux Noix, from whence they have ſent their ſick and baggage to Crown Point.

July 8. This day, at 12 o'clock, the declaration of INDEPENDENCE will be proclaimed at the ſtatehouſe.

Abſtract from the minutes of the General Congreſs, of Thurſday the 4th inſtant, declaring the United Colonies free and independent ſtates; which will be publiſhed at full length in next week's Gazette. The firſt part of the declaration is a recapitulation of injuries, and it concludes as follows:

IN every ſtage of theſe oppreſſions, we have petitioned for redreſs in the moſt humble terms. Our repeated petitions have been anſwered only by repeated injury. A prince whoſe character is thus marked, by every act which may define a TYRANT, is unfit to be the ruler of a FREE PEOPLE.

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our Britiſh brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts by their legiſlature to extend an unwarrantable juriſdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumſtances of our emigration and ſettlement here. We have appealed to their native juſtice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to diſavow theſe uſurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connexions and correſpondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of juſtice and conſanguinity. We muſt therefore acquieſce in the neceſſity which denounces our ſeparation, and hold them (as we hold the reſt of mankind) enemies in war; in peace, friends.

We therefore, the repreſentatives of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, in GENERAL CONGRESS aſſembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of theſe colonies, ſolemnly publiſh and declare, that theſe United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, FREE and INDEPENDENT STATES; that they are abſolved from all allegiance to the Britiſh crown, and that all political connexion between them and the ſtate of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally diſſolved; and that, as FREE and INDEPENDENT STATES, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, eſtabliſh commerce, and to do all other acts and things which INDEPENDENT STATES may of right do. And for the ſupport of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our ſacred honour.

Signed by order and in behalf of the Congreſs.

JOHN HANCOCK, preſident,

WAR OFFICE, *Philadelphia, July* 6, 1776.

ALL perſons in the United American States who are able to inform the Congreſs of any quantities of flint ſtone, or of any perſons who are ſkilled in the manufacture of FLINTS, are requeſted to apply in perſon, or by letter, to the Board of War and Ordnance, at the War Office, in Market ſtreet, near the corner of Fourth ſtreet.---All printers of newſpapers in the ſeveral States are deſired to inſert this advertiſement.

RICHARD PETERS, jun. ſecretary.

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 11.

YESTERDAY *evening ſix companies of the firſt battalion of Maryland troops ſtationed in this city, commanded by col. William Smallwood, embarked for the head of Elk in high ſpirits; and three companies of the ſame battalion, ſtationed in Baltimore town, embarked yeſterday morning for the ſame place, from whence they are to proceed to Philadelphia.*

Extract of a letter from *Philadelphia*, dated July 6, 1776, *Saturday* morning.

"*General Howe has landed a great body of troops on Staten iſland; his force cannot be aſcertained. General Waſhington and his troops are in high ſpirits. The ſtrength of our army at New York cannot be aſcertained; the militia pour in ſo faſt that it is impracticable. The Jerſey militia, amounting to 3500, have acquired great honour in forming and marching with ſuch alacrity and expedition. They have for ſome time paſt got over to New York. The battalions of this city (every one of them) are marching to Trenton and Brunſwick, in the Jerſeys. The rifle battalion, in the pay of this province, marched yeſterday for the ſame places. The militia in the counties are alſo ordered to march. Out of theſe bodies they mean to form their quota of the flying camp, to be poſted in the Jerſeys, and to be at the command of general Waſhington. It is expected that the Lower Counties and Maryland will immediately march their quotas of militia, to compoſe the flying camp to this city, to defend it in the abſence of its own battalions.*

"*Your hour of trial is come; your plighted faith, your publick honour, the love of your country, and its deareſt liberties, in this moment of imminent danger, demand that you inſtantly fly to the aſſiſtance of a ſiſter colony.*

Saturday noon.

"*An expreſs is juſt arrived from general Waſhington. Howe's army conſiſts of* 10 000 *men. Admiral Howe is not yet arrived, but hourly expected with* 150 *ſail, having on board* 20,000 *troops. The enemy's grand army will conſiſt of* 30,000. *The whole militia of this province are ordered to the Jerſeys. We are in anxious expectation to hear from Maryland, nor can we for a moment entertain a doubt that our brethren will deſert us in the day of our diſtreſs. The farmers here have left their harveſt, and caſt away the ſcythe for the muſket. I ſhould rejoice to hear you have imitated ſo laudable, ſo glorious an example.*"

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 19.

FROM Hampton we learn, that advice was brought there from the Eaſtern Shore of a tender, mounting two carriage and twelve ſwivel guns, being drove aſhore in a ſquall of wind, five or ſix days ago, with 18 pirates on board, among them mr. JAMES PARKER, late of Norfolk, merchant; who immediately ſurrendered themſelves to a party of our troops, and begged for quarters. A boat from another tender, her conſort, attempted to cut her out from the creek where ſhe was ſecured; but our people, perceiving their deſign, lay in ambuſh for them, and, when nigh enough, ruſhed into the water and fired upon them, killing five of the crew, it was ſuppoſed, as three were ſeen to fall overboard, and two to drop down in the boat, upon which the pirates tacked about, and rowed, faſter than they came, to their tender.

Benjamin Woodward, againſt whom an information was lodged for attempting to counterfeit the paper currency of the American ſtates, was brought to town laſt Wedneſday, with four other perſons, ſuſpected to be accomplices, and lodged in the publick jail. They were taken in Pittſylvania county, with types and other implements to carry on their wicked and deſtructive ſchemes.

Of the vaſt number of ſhells which were thrown againſt Fort Sullivan, near Charleſtown, but two fell into it, and only one of them did any execution. The expreſs that brought general Lee's letter, and who may be depended upon, aſſures us, that the following is an exact liſt of the loſs we ſuſtained by that ſhell, viz. three ducks, one gooſe, and a turkey, killed; and one gooſe ſo wounded that the cook deſpaired of its life, and therefore cut off its head.

Lord Dunmore's peſtilential fleet was ſeen laſt Sunday morning at the mouth of Potowmack.

The following is a particular account of the attack and rout of lord Dunmore, *with his piratical crew, from* Gwyn's *iſland.*

WE got to the iſland on Monday the 8th, and next morning, at 8 o'clock, began a furious attack upon the enemy's

shipping, camp, and fortifications, from two batteries, one of five 6 and 9 pounders, the other mounting two 18 pounders. What forces the enemy had were encamped on a point of the island, nearly opposite to our five gun battery, covered by a battery of four embrasures, and a breastwork of considerable extent. Besides this, they had two other batteries, and a stockade fort, higher up the haven, where troops were stationed to prevent our landing. In the haven were three tenders, one a sloop (the Lady Charlotte) mounting six carriage guns, a schooner of two carriage guns, six swivels, and a cohorn, and a pilot boat, badly armed; who had orders from capt. Hammond, of the Roebuck, to prevent our boats passing over to the island, and to annoy the *rebels* by every means in their power.

General Lewis announced his orders for attacking the enemy by putting a match to the first gun, an 18 pounder, himself; and the Dunmore being then nearest to us, at the distance of only 4 or 500 yards, the shot passed through her hull, and did considerable damage. Our five gun battery likewise began playing on the fleet, the enemy's camp, and works; and the fire soon became so hot that the Dunmore was obliged to cut her cables and haul off, after receiving ten shot, some of which raked her fore and aft. The Otter lay next to her, and it was expected would have taken her birth; but the first shot we gave her took place, supposed between wind and water, as she immediately slipped her cable likewise, and hauled out on a careen, without firing a gun. By this time all the fleet, any way near shore, began to slip their cables, in the utmost confusion; and had the wind set in with a flood tide, we must have taken great numbers of them. Our 18 pounders did great execution from the upper battery, which raked the whole fleet; and capt. Denny, who commanded the other battery, soon silenced the enemy at the point, knocking down several tents, which put their camp into great confusion. At half after 9 the firing ceased, which was renewed again at 12, with double vigour, from both batteries; and nothing prevented our pushing to the island, during the cannonade, but the want of vessels.

The general being determined to cross next day, gave orders for all the small craft to be collected together from the neighbouring creek that night, and two brass field-pieces, six-pounders, to be carried to a place called lower Windmill Point, to attack the tender that lay there, and facilitate our crossing. Accordingly, in the morning, capt. Harrison, who had the direction of those field-pieces, began playing upon the tenders, which he galled so much, that the schooner ran up a small creek which made into the island, where the crew abandoned her, and the sloop got aground in reach of our cannon; upon which the general ordered capt. Smith, of the 7th regiment, with his company, to man the canoes and board her, which was done with alacrity. However, before our men came up with her, the crew got into their boat and pushed for the island; but capt. Smith, very prudently passing the tender, pursued them so close, that, before they could reach the shore, he exchanged a few shot with them, and took part of them prisoners. The enemy's lookouts, perceiving our men close upon the lower part of the island, cried out *The shirtmen are coming*, and scampered off. The pilot boat made no resistance.

General Lewis then ordered 200 men, under col. M'Clanahan, to land in the island, which was performed as expeditiously as our small vessels would admit of. On our arrival, we found the enemy had evacuated the place with the greatest precipitation, and were struck with horrour at the number of dead bodies, in a state of putrefaction, strewed all the way from their battery to Cherry point, about two miles in length, without a shovel-full of earth upon them; others gasping for life; and some had crawled to the water's edge, who could only make known their distress by beckoning to us. By the small-pox, and other malignant disorders which have raged on board the fleet for many months past, it is clear they have lost, since their arrival at Gwyn's island, near 500 souls. I myself counted 130 graves (or rather holes, loosely covered over with earth) close together, many of them large enough to hold a corporal's guard. One, in the middle, was neatly done up with turf, and is supposed to contain the remains of the late lord of Gosport. Many were burnt alive in brush huts, which, in their confusion, had got on fire. In short, such a scene of misery, distress, and cruelty, my eyes never beheld; for which the authors, one may reasonably conclude, never can make atonement in this world.

The enemy left behind them, in their battery, a double fortified nine-pounder, great part of their baggage, with several tents and marquees, besides the three tenders, with their cannon, small arms, &c. also the anchors and cables of the Dunmore, Otter, and many others, to the amount, it is supposed, of 12 or 1500l. On their leaving the island, they burnt some valuable vessels, which had got aground. Mr. John Grymes's effects on the island have fallen into our hands, consisting of 35 negroes, horses, cattle, and furniture.

Major Byrd, on the approach of our canoes to the island, was huddled into a cart, in a very sick and low condition it is said, and carried down to Cherry point, where he embarked. The second shot the Dunmore received cut her boatswain in two, and wounded two or three others; and she had scarcely recovered from the shock when a nine-pounder from the lower battery entered her quarter and beat in a large timber, from the splinters of which lord Dunmore got wounded in the legs, and had all his valuable china smashed about his ears. It is said his lordship was exceedingly alarmed, and roared out. *Good God, that ever I should come to this!* We had our information from one of his people that came ashore after the engagement, who was taken by our scouts; he likewise said, that many were killed in the fleet, which had sustained some thousand pounds worth of damage. The Fowey and Roebuck were the lowermost ships, besides which there were 100 and large odd sail of vessels, who took their departure on Thursday afternoon, and are supposed to have gone into Potowmack.

In this affair we lost not a man but poor capt. Arundel, who was killed by the bursting of a mortar of his own invention; although the general, and all the officers, were against his firing it. His zeal for the service lost him his life."

GENERAL ORDERS,

CAMP *near* Gwyn's *island*, *July* 12 1776.

GENERAL LEWIS cannot leave camp without expressing his approbation of the conduct of the officers and soldiers at this station. The fatigues they have gone through with cheerfulness, and the great services they have rendered their country, justly entitle them to his hearty thanks, which he would have expressed at the head of each company by the captains.

IN *consequence of an order from the Hon. brigadier-general* LEWIS *for the trial of lieutenant* Henry Williams *of the* Virginia *forces, by a general court-martial, at* Williamsburg, *July* 16, 1776; *he the said lieutenant* Williams *was found guilty of behaving in a scandalous and infamous manner, unbecoming the character of an officer or soldier, was cashiered, drummed along the line at* Springfield *camp through* Williamsburg, *and* College *camp; and, as a part of his sentence, is now held up with infamy to the publick, as a person not worthy of enjoying the common blessings of society.*

JAMES HENDRICKS, *president.*

WANTED, *two large handsome young* BAY MARES, *undockt, for which ready money will be given; also a pair of young nags for a chariot. BAYS will be preferred. Inquire of the Printer.*

FOUND in *Williamsburg*, two or three months ago, a SILVER WATCH; which the owner may have of the Printer, on proving his property, and paying the charge of advertising.

A BOUNTY *of* 10*l will be given by the officers of the first regiment to any person, well qualified, who will undertake to be* FIFE-MAJOR *to their regiment.*

2‖

LOST *by the subscriber, a silver watch, maker's name* Callander, London, [illegible]. *Whoever finds and will deliver said watch to mr.* James Geddy, *in* Williamsburg, *shall receive* 20*s.*

2‖ *WILLIAM ALEXANDER.*

JULY 13, 1776.

A VERY valuable plantation in *King William* county, within two miles of *Hanover* town, the property of the late mr. *John Smith*, will be rented for the ensuing year, at *Hanover* court, the 1st day of *August*, when the terms, *&c.* will be made known by

(2) WILLIAM ANDERSON.

N. B. There is a tolerable good dwelling house, kitchen, *&c.* on the place.

[illegible] *away, in marching up from* Suffolk [illegible] Cumberland, *two men who shipped themselves for seamen in the* Revenge *cruiser* [illegible] William Deane, *esq; commander, named* JOHN WILLIAMS *and* PATRICK CARRICK. Williams *is of a dark complexion, pitted much with the small-pox, about* 5 *feet* 7 *or* 8 *inches high, well made, and talks hoarse. I shipped him out of capt.* Stinson's *company from* West Augusta, *of the* 8*th regiment.* Patrick Carrick, *about* 5 *feet* 4 *inches high, is an* Irishman, *pitted with the small-pox, has the brogue very much, and when in liquor (which he is much addicted to) very insolent. I shipped him out of capt.* Slaughter's *company, of the above regiment; had on, when he went away, a coarse blue coat with yellow buttons, an old pair of buckskin breeches, and black stockings. Whoever delivers them at* Cumberland *shall have* 40*s. reward for each.*

(2) *AARON JEFFERY.*

STOLEN from the subscriber, the 29th of last month, in the night, a black horse about 13 hands and a half high, well made, with a hanging mane and switch tail, and branded, as well as I remember, on the near buttock, P S. He has a scar on the left hind foot occasioned by a cut, trots and gallops tolerably well, and was in good order when stolen. He works remarkably well in gears of any kind, and is about 10 years old. I will give 20s. to any person who will give me such information that I get him again, 40s. if delivered to me in the lower end of *Henrico* county, and 5l. on conviction of the thief.

2‖ JOHN DOLLARD.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 18, 1776.

STRAYED *or* STOLEN, *the* 5*th of this month, a light bay horse,* 14 *hands and an inch high, with a blaze face, trots and gallops, has a blemish on his right eye, I think, his right hind foot white. Any person that will deliver him to mr.* Richard Timberlake *in* King William, *or the subscriber in* Williamsburg, *shall have* 20*s. reward; if stolen* 3*l. on conviction of the thief.*

JAMES CRAIG.

Mr. PURDIE,

HAVING obſerved in your laſt paper, that the committee of Hanover county have declared mr. Alexander Macauley, of Hanover town, unfriendly to the rights of America, juſtice to an individual requires that I ſhould give the candid publick a repreſentation of his caſe, that they may be able to judge how far he is culpable.

On examination before the committee, it appeared, by the teſtimony of ſeveral creditable witneſſes, to whom he had frequently in private communicated his ſentiments, that he was friendly to America. He was proved to be generous, hoſpitable, and humane, to all in diſtreſs. Much was ſaid in his favour, nothing was ſaid againſt him; yet, as he had, in private converſation with a member of the committee, before trial, declared, that his connexions in Britain would not allow him to take an oath that would oblige him to take an active part in this conteſt, that he had no objection to an oath that would bind him to the ſtricteſt neutrality, and, in caſe of any domeſtick inſurrection, would willingly riſk his life in defence of this colony. A majority of the committee, on this, thought proper to tender him the oath. It is by no means my intention to blame the conduct of the committee on this occaſion, as mr. Macauley, by the evidence of one of the members, had declared he would not take the oath. They were juſtifiable in tendering it to him; but I think it right that the publick ſhould know that this was the only reaſon.

By giving this a place in your Gazette, you will oblige a large majority of thoſe who were preſent on the trial.

WANTED,

SEVERAL SURGEONS for the NAVY. Such as incline to enter into the ſervice wlil pleaſe to apply to the commiſſioners, now ſitting in *Williamsburg*.

WANTED immediately,

SIX good HOUSE CARPENTERS, to whom competent wages will be given. None need apply unleſs they are well recommended, by gentlemen where they reſide. Any perſon willing to engage in ſawing a quantity of plank may likewiſe be employed by applying to me near the camp at *Gwyn*'s iſland, or in my abſence to mr. *James Bentley*.

(2) JOHN FOX.

NEWCASTLE, *July* 15, 1776.

ON *Monday* the 29th inſtant will be ſold at this place, for ready money, ſundry GOODS, the remains of a ſtore lately kept by mr. *Thomas Cary*; alſo ſome elegant *London* made MOHOGONY FURNITURE (but little uſed) conſiſting of chairs, tables, bedſteads with curtains, *&c.* (2)

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

YORK town, *July* 9, 1776.

LAST night ſome perſon, or perſons, broke into my room and ſtole a pocket-book containing one 8 dollar bill *Carolina* currency, No. £652, ſeveral continental and *Virginia* bills, numbers unknown, a bond from mr. *Richard Goodall* to *John Lawrence*, jun. for 25l. payable laſt *October* (which I forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of) and ſundry other papers of account; alſo a green worſted purſe, with ſundry dollars and other ſilver. I have good reaſon to believe it was one *Jones*, who was under confinement in *Williamſburg* for ſome time, and left this town that night, ſince which he has not been heard of. I will give the above reward on conviction of the thief, with what money may be ſecured; and as I expect the pocket-book and papers will be thrown away, whoever finds them, and delivers them to me, ſhall be rewarded.

‖ WILLIAM LAWRENCE.

RICHMOND, *May* 20, 1776.

JOURNEYMEN weavers will meet with good encouragement from the ſubſcriber, alſo perſons that can ſpin wool, linen, or cotton.---I want ſome apprentices for the weaving buſineſs.

(6) GARDINER FLEMING.

PRINCE WILLIAM, *June* 1, 1776.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on his journey from *Williamſburg*, on the 11th of *May*, near *King William* court-houſe, a mulatto ſervant man, named *John Newton*, about 20 years of age, an *Indian* by birth, about 5 feet 6 inches high, ſlender made, has a thin viſage, ſour look, remarkable projected lips, and wears his own black hair tied behind, with long curling locks at his ears; had on a light brown frieze poſtilion coat lappelled, and waiſtcoat of the ſame, with common plate buttons, a beaver hat much worn, leather breeches, coarſe yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes, with a pair of large ſingle rimmed pinchbeck buckles. He was left behind on the road with a pretty large well made bay horſe (which had tired) a good ſaddle with a blue fringed houſing and bridle, with inſtructions to follow his maſter ſlowly, but has never ſince made his appearance at home, or been heard off. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, with the horſe and ſaddle, *&c.* and brings them to the rev. mr. *Scott*'s, in *Prince William*, or ſecures them ſo that the owner may get them again, ſhall have the above reward, or 30s. for either, with reaſonable charges, paid by W. BROWNE.

*** He ſhaves and dreſſes well, but is much addicted to liquor.

STRAYED or *STOLEN* from the ſubſcriber at *Hanover* town, two likely ſorrel horſes, one 4 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has a blaze face, one of his hind feet and part of his leg white, a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, drags both his hind feet, trots and gallops well, runs wery well in a chair, and branded on the near ſhoulder, low down, F. The other is about 4 feet 8 inches high, has a blaze face, hanging mane and ſwitch tail, with a few gray hairs intermixed in his mane and tail, ſome ſaddle ſpots a little behind his withers, paces, trots, and gallops well, and goes well in a chair; his brand, if any, forgot. I will give 40s. to any perſon that will bring me the ſaid horſes, or give ſuch intelligence as I get them again, and 5l. on conviction of the thief, if he is a white man. ‖ RICHARD BURNLEY.

TAKEN up at *Maycox*, in *Prince George*, a light bay horſe about 13 hands and a half high, about 6 years old, has a ſtar in his forehead, a hanging mane and long tail, one of his hind feet white, and branded R C. The owner may have him by applying to DAVID MEADE.

TAKEN up at *New Hope*, in *Caroline*, a dark bay mare about 4 feet 4 inches high, with a ſtar in her forehead, and branded on the near buttock H. Poſted, and appraiſed to 7l.

2‖ JOHN HOOMES.

TAKEN up in *Auguſta*, near *Staunton*, a bright bay mare 3 years old, near 14 hands high, her hind feet white to the paſtern joint, has a long hanging mane, long wide ears, but is neither dockt nor branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to 10l. 10s.

‖ ISAAC CARSON.

TAKEN up in *Orange*, a large black ſteer with a white face, marked with a crop and ſlit in the right ear, a crop and underkeel in the left, and has the appearance of a brand on his right horn. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4l. 10s.

MATTHEW GALE, jun.

MANCHESTER, *July* 6, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony ſoon. Thoſe who have accounts unſettled at the ſtore kept by me at this place are requeſted to come and ſettle as ſoon as poſſible, and ſuch as have demands againſt me will be paid on application.

1‖ ALEXANDER BANKS.

For SALE, or exchanged for land in any of the lower counties on the ſalts, and convenient to fiſh and oyſters,

A VERY valuable plantation on *Roanoke*, in *Mecklenburg* county, *Virginia*, 65 miles from *Peterſburg*, 30 from *Haliſax* town, *North Carolina*, and known by the name of *Black's Ferry*. About 200 acres of the tract are as rich low grounds as any on *James* river, and well adapted for the growing fine tobacco, with 30 to 40 acres of valuable natural meadow. The place commands a fine range for all manner of ſtock, ſprings of excellent water, and ſeveral high and healthy ſituations for building. There is at this place a ferry eſtabliſhed by act of Aſſembly, already very profitable, and promiſes to be much more ſo, being the neareſt from *Peterſburg*, *Blandford*, *&c.* to the fine ſettlements in *Bute* and *Granville* counties. There are all convenient and neceſſary buildings for a quarter, and the river abounds with ſhad and ſturgeon in their ſeaſon, and one or more places on this ſhore, which with little trouble may be made very profitable fiſheries. There alſo belongs to the place an acre of land on the oppoſite ſhore, which ſecures the ferry. This place would be a very ſafe retreat for any family, during the preſent troubles. Reaſonable time, if ſold, may be had for payment; and the purchaſer may have the ſtock of every ſort now on the place, together with the corn, fodder, plantation implements, and the flats belonging to the ferry.

6‖ WILLIAM BLACK.

For SALE, at three years credit, in BEDFORD *county*,

FOUR hundred and fourteen acres of land joining *Venable*, on *Elk* creek waters. 1600 acres on *Little Otter*, joining *Quarles*. 180 acres at the head of *Little Otter*, joining *Ewing*. 210 acres on *Little Otter*, joining *David Baird* and *George Dooley*. 200 acres on *Otter* river, joining *Jenkins*. 400 acres on *Orrick*'s creek, joining *Perrin*. 400 acres on *Little Otter*, joining *Hilton* and *Smith*. 752 acres on *Stony* fork, joining *Board* and *Jordan*. 270 acres on the long branch of *Beaverdam*, joining *Shrewſbury*. 225 acres on *Beaverdam*, joining *Wright* and *Pate*. 204 acres on *Greer*'s ſettlement, joining *Mattox*. 345 acres on *Greer*'s ſettlement, joining *Payne* and *Brown*. 1100 acres, with a plantation, on *Greer*'s ſettlement, *Maple* branch, joining *Payne*. 365 acres, with a plantation, on *Mill* creek, where *Owen* lived. 400 acres on *Kate*'s creek of *Beaverdam*, a plantation where *Anderſon* lives. 130 acres on *Beaverdam* waters, where *Friendly* lived, with a plantation.

Alſo in CHARLOTTE.

910 acres on *Sandy* creek, with a plantation where *Malcomb* lives. 400 acres joining *Sandy Creek* church, where *Standiſh* lives, on which is a plantation. 600 acres on *Reeſe*'s fork, joining *Martin*'s road. 200 acres on *King Road*, joining *Wynn* and *Hill*. 200 acres on *Juniper* creek, joining *Hawkins*.

In LUNENBURG.

81 acres, joining *Stokes* and *Barnes*.

Good titles will be made, upon bond and approved ſecurity being given, to bear intereſt from the date, if not paid by the day; and 10 per cent. diſcount will be allowed for any money paid in ſix months. Terms may be known by applying to me, in *Prince Edward*.

‖ GEORGE WALTON.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by ALEXANDER PURDIE, at the CONSTITUTIONAL POST-OFFICE.

FRIDAY, July 19, 1776. SUPPLEMENT. No. 77.

For SALE,

TWO hundred head of *BLACK CATTLE*, in the counties of *Warwick* and *Elizabeth City* county. For terms apply to

(2) WILSON MILES CARY.

CHARLES *county*, MARYLAND, *June* 15.

THE ſubſcribers have fitted out, and provided with every neceſſary, a commodious houſe for the purpoſe of INOCULATION, where they are ready to receive ſuch as incline to take the ſmall-pox, at the rate of 5l. *Maryland* currency each. The diſtance of the houſe being little more than five miles from any part of *Potowmack* river, between the lower end of *Fairfax* and the upper end of *Weſtmoreland* counties, in *Virginia*, will render it very convenient for the inhabitants of the included counties. Thoſe who will favour the ſubſcribers with their company may depend on their utmoſt care and attention.

G. R. BROWN.
JAMES WALLACE.

*** Such as prefer coming by water may do it very conveniently, as the houſe ſtands on *Burdett's* creek, only four miles from its mouth.

To be SOLD, on Thurſday *the* 18*th inſtant, for ready money.*

HOUSEHOLD and kitchen furniture, conſiſting of beds, mohogany tables, chairs, earthen and glaſs ware, *&c.* Alſo oſnabrugs (a little damaged) plains, rolls, ſome wrappers, *Dutch* blankets, ready made linen for negroes, 8d. nails, ſingle, double, and brown ſugar, a ſmall quantity of ſalt, writing paper, a parcel of medicines, all good articles, with many other neceſſaries too tedious to mention. For the convenience of purchaſers, the goods will be ſold in ſmall quantities, except the medicines, which will be ſold together.

2 RICHARD HANSON.

PETERSBURG, *July* 4, 1776.

For SALE,

A VALUABLE tract of land, well adapted for toabaco, wheat, hemp, *&c.* containing 2400 acres. It lies on *Flat* creek, a branch of *James* river, in *Amherſt* county. There are convenient houſes on ſaid land, and cleared ground ſufficient to work 16 hands. The terms will be made eaſy to the purchaſer. Inquire of the ſubſcriber.---On the firſt *Thurſday* in *December* will be ſold, on the ſaid plantation, about forty *NEGROES*, with the ſtock of cattle and hogs; alſo the corn, wheat, and plantation utenſils. Two years credit will be allowed, the purchaſers giving bond and ſecurity. Seven and a half per cent. diſcount will be allowed for ready money.

(5) THOMAS M. RANDOLPH.

TAKEN up at *Layton's* warehouſe, in *Eſſex* county, about the latter end of laſt month, and now in my poſſeſſion at that place, a negro man who cannot or will not tell his maſter's name, but denies having any in this country; ſays, as well as he can be underſtood, that his name is ABRAHAM; that he was ſent here in a ſhip with many others from *Barbados*, by his maſter there, to fight for lord *Dunmore*; and that he ran away from the ſhip, within a few days after he came to him. He appears to be between 30 and 40 years of age, of the middle ſize, ſlim made, ſpeaks very broken, his face marked in the manner the grown negroes from *Guinea* uſually are, had on a country made cotton cloth coat, linen ſhort breeches, a kind of coarſe twilled linen ſhirt, and had with him a very ruſty tomahawk. His owner is deſired to apply, pay charges, and take him away.

JAMES BOWDRIE.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND in the county of *Culpeper* containing 200 acres, being part of the eſtate of mr. *Hancock Euſtace*, deceaſed. Inquire of mr. *John Blair*, in *Williamsburg*.

WANTED,

A CONTRACTOR to ſupply the NAVY with proviſions, on each of the principal rivers. Such as are inclinable to undertake the ſame are deſired to apply to the Board at *Williamsburg*, on *Thurſday* the 25th inſtant. (2)

THOMAS WHITING, 1ſt commiſſioner.

RUN away from the Honourable *John Tayloe's* NEABSCO FURNACE, an indented ſervant man named WILLIAM GILL, whoſe dialect will very readily diſcover him to be an *Iriſhman*. He is about 30 years of age, ſtout made, has a dark complexion, wears his own black hair, which is cut very ſhort on his forehead, is exceeding talkative, eſpecially when in liquor, which he is very fond of, and has an exceeding ſore leg, cauſed, I imagine, by his former intemperance. He had on when he went away a lightiſh coloured ſhort cloth coat, breeches of the ſame, and generally wore a ſhort blue jacket under his coat; he ſtole a pair of blue duffil breeches, and ſundry other clothes, from his fellow ſervants. It is likely he has had influence enough over ſome one of his acquaintances to forge a certificate of his being a freeman, and as ſuch may paſs wherever he pleaſes. He profeſſes to be a complete farmer, and to underſtand ſomething of gardening, though expert at neither. If he has not already engaged himſelf as a ſoldier or mariner in the continental ſervice, it is more than probable that his intention and principles, which are none of the beſt, may lead him to *Gwyn's* iſland. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as to be had again, ſhall have 40s. reward; and if brought back to the ſaid furnace, the ſum of 3l. and reaſonable charges allowed, by

THOMAS LAWSON.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber's ſervant, in the main ſtreet, a black or dark bay mare about 14 hands and a half high, five years old, a natural pacer, has one or two white ſpots on one of her ſides, her fore ankles have been cut and ſwelled by being ſpancelled. I do not recollect any brand. Whoever will deliver me the mare ſhall receive 30s. and for diſcovery of the thief 5l.

ANDREW LEITCH.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 7, 1776.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 4, 1776.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber laſt night, a light bay horſe 6 years old, about 15 hands high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, not branded, but has a little hair rubbed off his back by a ſaddle; he paces and gallops well. Whoever will give me ſuch intelligence that I may get him again ſhall have 20s. reward, and 5l. on conviction of the thief.

JAMES SLATE.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber in *York* town, on the 30th of laſt month, a likely dark gray or roan horſe with a blaze face, three years old laſt ſpring, about 4 feet 9 inches high, has a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, but no brand. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to capt. *James Maſon* at *York* town, or the ſubſcriber in *Brunſwick* county, ſhall have 20s. reward.

2 THOMAS RIVERS.

A YOUNG man, properly qualified to educate children, will meet with good encouragement by applying to me at *Weſtover*.

W. BYRD.

WANTED *for the firſt troop of* HORSE, *about* 30 *geldings from* 14 *hands and a half to* 15 *hands high, and from* 4 *to* 6 *years old, well formed, and active. Bays will be moſt ſuitable, or the colours neareſt to bay. Any perſon poſſeſſed of ſuch may apply to the ſubſcriber at the rendezvous at* Blandford, *in* Prince George *county; to lieutenant* Call, *near* Peterſburg; *or to cornet* Henry, *in* Hanover. *The ſeveral officers above-mentioned will alſo attend the adjacent courts to thoſe counties for the purpoſe of purchaſing horſes, and ready money will be given for the horſes.* (if)

THEODORICK BLAND, captain.

AMHERST, *July* 5, 1776.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I ſhall attend at the courthouſe of this county on the firſt *Monday*, and at *Bedford* courthouſe on the fourth *Monday*, in *Auguſt*, being court days, to purchaſe *HORSES* for the third troop to be raiſed purſuant to a late ordinance of General Convention. Any horſes four feet ten inches high, at leaſt, will be received, and a good price given for them.

WILLIAM PENN.

YORK, *July* 5, 1776.

WANTED immediately, to mount the ſixth troop, a number of HORSES, either bays, browns, ſorrels, or cheſtnuts, from 4 to 7 years old, and not under 14 hands high. I will give ready caſh for all ſuch as ſhall ſuit the purpoſe they are intended for.

JOHN NELSON.

NORTHUMBERLAND county,
YEOCONICO, *May* 10, 1776.

DESERTED laſt night from the *American Congreſs* ſloop of war, the following perſons, *viz.*----- *Richard Pearl*, born in *Virginia*, 32 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, ſtout, well made, black hair, and ſwarthy complexion; he is an artful ill looking fellow, and probably may change his name.----*Randolph Biggs*, born in *Fairfax* county, *Virginia*, 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, brown hair, and is a likely well made lad.----*John Morgan*, born in *London*, 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, brown hair, and pitted with the ſmall-pox.----*James Bartlett*, born in *London*, 24 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, fair hair, and is a thin ſpare lad.----*William Wood*, born in *London*, 22 years of age, 5 feet 2 inches high, fair hair, pitted with the ſmall-pox, and plays a little on the fife.---Whoever apprehends the ſaid deſerters, and ſecures them ſo that they may be returned to their company, or ſent to *Alexandria*, ſhall receive 20s. for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN ALLISON, captain of marines.

DESERTED from capt *Spencer's* company of regulars, before they left *Orange* county, *JOHN LAMB*, a tall ſlim man, about 22 years of age, enliſted by lieut. *Garland Burnley*. He was bred in *Orange*, near col. *Burnley's*.----Alſo *William Bragg*, who deſerted from the camp near *Gwyn's* iſland the 16th of *June*. He is about 5 feet 10 inches high, about 40 years of age, a ſtout well made man, much addicted to liquor, and when drunk very talkative and impertinent. He was formerly an inhabitant of *Culpeper*, and lived near *Bradley's* ordinary.---Whoever brings the ſaid deſerters to head-quarters in *Williamsburg*, or the camp near *Gwyn's* iſland, ſhall have 3l. reward for each.

JOSEPH SPENCER.

TREASURY OFFICE, *July* 5, 1776.

I HAVE appointed mr. *John Burwell* to ſign the bills of one ſhilling and three-pence, dated *July* 1775, in the room of *Edmund Randolph*, eſq; who hath declined that buſineſs.

RO. C. NICHOLAS, treaſurer.

To be SOLD,

A *TRACT of land on* Monk's Neck, *in the county of* Dinwiddie, *within ſeven miles of* Peterſburg, *late in the poſſeſſion of mr.* Alexander Shaw, *containing about* 1050 *acres, of which a conſiderable proportion is low grounds, capable of being improved into the fineſt meadow. A particular deſcription is avoided, as I would chooſe every perſon inclinable to purchaſe ſhould view and be ſatisfied of the quality of the land. The terms of ſale, and time of credit, will be made agreeable, and an undoubted title aſſured to the purchaſer.*

JOHN BANISTER.

ALL *the reſidue of the ſaid* Alexander Shaw's *eſtate, both real and perſonal, is conveyed in truſt to the ſubſcribers, for the payment of conſiderable debts reſpectively due to them; after a diſcharge of which, the ſurplus is to be applied in ſatisfaction of his other creditors. All perſons indebted to the ſaid* Alexander Shaw *will take notice, that their payments are to be made to*

ABRAHAM SMITH.
(tf) *JOHN BANISTER.*

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 5, 1776.

STRAYED or ſtolen laſt night, out of mrs. *Camp*'s paſture near this city, a dark brown mare near 5 feet high, about 10 years old, with a blaze face, likely and well made, and very fat, ſhod before, paces well, but trots in rough roads, not branded, that I remember. She is ſuppoſed to be rode off by two deſerters from capt. *Cabell*'s company of regulars, of the names of *Cheathum* and *Vaughan*, who were enliſted in *Amherſt*, and may perhaps be gone that way. I will give a reward of 3l. to any perſon who delivers ſaid mare to capt. *Robert Anderſon* in *Williamsburg*, capt. *Abraham Cowley* in *Richmond*, mr. *Richard Woods* in *Albemarle*, capt. *Gabriel Penn* in *Amherſt*, mr. *Sampſon Matthews* in *Auguſta*, or the ſubſcriber in *Botetourt*; and if ſtolen, 6l. on conviction of the thief; or if ſecured in any county not convenient to deliver her to any of the gentlemen above mentioned, the ſame reward, upon notice being given to

PATRICK LOCKHART.

LANCASTER, *June* 13, 1776.

RUN *away from the ſubſcriber, on* Monday *the* 10*th inſtant* (*June*) *two men ſlaves, both* Virginia *born, viz. BILLY, a ſtout well made black fellow, about* 5 *feet* 6 *inches high,* 25 *years of age, who has been uſed to gardening, cooking, taking care of horſes, and very handy, if he pleaſes, about any kind of houſe buſineſs. KITT, a ſtout mulatto fellow, much knock-kneed, between* 17 *and* 18 *years of age, ſtammers a little in his ſpeech, and is about* 5 *feet* 9 *inches high. Billy had on a leather cap, and both of them went off in their work clothes, of country cloth. I will give* 40*s. reward to any perſon who will deliver the ſaid negroes to me, or ſecure them ſo that I get them again.*

MUNGO HARVEY.

COMMITTED to the jail of *Charles City* county, on *Friday* the laſt inſtant (*June*) two negro men, viz. HAMPTON, very ſtrong made, of a yelloviſh complexion, about 5 feet 8 inches high, dreſſed in negro cotton jacket and breeches, and ſays he belongs to *William Cozens* of *Dinwiddie*. ROBERT, a well ſet ſprightly looking fellow, about 5 feet high, dreſſed in negro cotton, ſays he was hired to capt. *John Goodrich*, and belongs to *John Armiſtead* of *Elizabeth City*, near *Hampton*. The owners are deſired to fetch them away, and pay charges to

JOHN HARWOOD, jailer.

WANTED at *Hunter*'s iron works, the falls of *Rappahannock* river, in the manufactory of ſmall arms, a number of hands who underſtand the file, alſo anchor ſmiths, blackſmiths, and nailors, to whom ſuitable encouragement will be given; where may be had, for ready money only, bar iron, fullers ſhears, files, and a variety of articles made in the iron branch, and where tradeſmen of every kind, who incline to ſettle, may have half-acre lots of land at a ſmall ground rent for ever, and may be aſſiſted in building, proviſions, and materials, and the produce of their labour taken in payment for the ſame. Apply to *John Strode*, manager of ſaid works. (10)

WANTED

A PERSON capable of teaching *Reading, Writing, Arithmetick, Mathematicks*, and the *Latin Grammar*. Any perſon ſo qualified, having a good character, by applying to the ſubſcriber in *Prince George*, near *Peterſburg*, ſhall meet with genteel encouragement.

(tf) JAMES FEILD.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 5, 1776.

DESERTED laſt night from the *College* camp, *James Vaughan*, about 23 years of age, about 6 feet 2 inches high, well made, long black hair, of a dark complexion, and long viſage; had on, and carried with him, a new ſuit of gray broadcloth, an old hunting ſhirt trimmed with red, old leather breeches, and a green broadcloth coat trimmed with ſilver lace, which he purchaſed at *Dunmore*'s ſale. Alſo *Joſiah Cheathum*, about 22 years of age, 6 feet 6 inches high, well made, of a very dark complexion, has ſhort black hair, and a dejected look; had on, and carried with him, a pair of good leather breeches, a hunting ſhirt trimmed with red, and a jacket and pair of breeches of light coloured ſagathy, almoſt new. They were enliſted in *Amherſt*, where I ſuppoſe they will endeavour to get. Whoever delivers them to the 6th *Virginia* regiment ſhall have 40s. reward for each, and be allowed all reaſonable expenſes.

SAMUEL CABELL, captain.

TAKEN up in *Albemarle*, a black horſe 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, with a ſtar in his forehead, paces and works well, but has no brand perceivable. Poſted, and appraiſed to 11l. JOHN SCOTT.

TAKEN up in *Orange*, on the *Little Mountains* near *Albemarle*, a bay horſe about 3 years old, 4 feet 9 inches high, has a large blaze in his face, his noſe and under lip raw, three white feet, a ſtreak of white on the inſide of his right hind and fore legs, white ſpots on both his hams and under his jaw, is ſhod before, dockt, but not branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to 20l. GEORGE SMITH, ſen.

TAKEN up at *King & Queen* courthouſe, a dark gray horſe 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, much flea-bitten about the head, is well made, had a yoke on, trots, gallops, and paces ſlow, and branded either I L or H L, very dull. Poſted, and appraiſed to 10l.

JOHN HARWOOD.

TAKEN up near *Sailor* creek, in the lower end of *Prince Edward*, a black mare 4 feet 3 inches and a half high, about 15 years old, with a ſtar in her forehead, ſome white hairs in her mane, ſome ſaddle ſpots, has a roached mane and ſwitch tail, and branded on the off buttock S. Poſted, and appraiſed to 5l. JOHN CHILDRESS.

TAKEN up in *Auguſta*, near *Brock's* gap, a bay horſe about 14 hands and an inch high, about 6 years old, has a ſtar and ſnip, both hind feet white, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the thigh H B in a piece. Poſted, and appraiſed to 14l.

JOHN RIDDLE.

RUN away on *Tueſday* the 19th inſtant, four *Virginia* born NEGRO men ſlaves, belonging to colonel *John Fry*'s eſtate, *viz.* HARRY, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, yellow complexion, has a ſcar on his face, a ſenſible artful fellow, and about 30 years old. YORK, about 5 feet 10 inches high, a ſtout likely well made fellow, black complexion, one of his legs ſmaller than the other, has a ſcar on one of his arms, by being burned when about 26 years old. ADAM, about 5 feet 7 inches high, yellow complexion, thin viſage, buſhy hair, about 40 years old. It is impoſſible to deſcribe the clothes they carried with them, having different kinds. Whoever will deliver the above mentioned ſlaves, to mr. *Richard Adams* in *Richmond* town, mr. *Thomas Adams* in *New Kent*, mr. *Henry Fry* in *Culpeper*, or the ſubſcriber in *Buckingham*, ſhall be paid 40s. for each of them. (tf) JOHN NICHOLAS.

TAKEN up in *Charlotte*, a dark bay mare 4 feet 8 inches and a half high, 5 years old, paces naturally, has ſome ſaddle ſpots on each ſide of her back, branded on the near buttock I, but is not dockt. Poſted, and appraiſed to 15l.

JOHN WATKINS.

For SALE,

THE houſes and lots where the ſubſcriber now lives, near the town of *Peterſburg*, conſiſting of a large dwelling-houſe, ſtorehouſe, and all convenient outhouſes, in good repair, with a large garden and paſture adjoining. The ſituation is equal to any in the colony for buſineſs; and, being well known, requires no further deſcription. Alſo a few houſe ſervants, houſehold furniture, &c. with a lot in the town of *Peterſburg*, and 400 acres of good tobacco land in *Charlotte*. The purchaſers may have poſſeſſion immediately, and the payment made eaſy, by giving approved ſecurity.---As I intend leaving the colony, thoſe who have any demands againſt me are deſired to apply and receive payment; and all perſons indebted are deſired to diſcharge their accounts, or, if convenient, to give ſecurity.

As the purchaſers of the land in *Ward's fork*, belonging to *John Lidderdale*, eſq; of *London*, are in ſome doubt of their having a right, this is to inform them, that their deeds will be ſent, properly executed, with an acknowledgement of mrs. *Lidderdale*'s right of dower, when the times will admit of an opportunity, and may be aſſured of having a moſt undoubted title made them. They will likewiſe pleaſe to obſerve, that the deeds will not be recorded till the money is paid, agreeable to the terms of ſale; and if any of the purchaſers are in doubt of my being properly authoriſed to make ſale of the lands, they may be fully ſatisfied at the Secretary's Office, where the power of attorney is recorded.

(12) RICHARD HANSON.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of *William Eaton*, jun. deceaſed, will be ſold at private ſale about 1200 acres of valuable land lying on the north ſide of *Roanoke* river, near the ſaid *Eaton*'s ferry (commonly called *Rawlings*'s ferry) in the upper end of *Northampton* county, *North Carolina*. There are on the ſaid tract of land three plantations, in but indifferent order. It is needleſs to ſay any thing more of the quality and advantages attending the ſaid land than that it contains about 300 acres of valuable low grounds, and no gentleman would chooſe to purchaſe ſo valuable a tract without firſt viewing it. Three different payments will be allowed the purchaſer, or purchaſers; the firſt on the 25th of *December*, and two yearly payments for the reſidue, on giving bond, with approved ſecurity, to

(tf) WILLIAM EATON, executor.